



**Innovative  
technologies to  
render your world.**

AMD  
RADEON  
ProRender

PCIe® 4 PERFORMANCE  
SIGGRAPH 2019

# PCIe® gen 4 spec

- Double the bandwidth provided by PCIe gen 3
- 16 GT/s in both direction (read and write)
- Encoding is 128b/130b => every 128 bits are encoded in 130bits.
- $16 * 128 / 130 = 15.75 \text{ Gb/s} \Rightarrow 1968 \text{ MB/s}$  for 1 lane
- PCIe 4 16x => 31.51 GB/s in one direction

# Hardware supporting PCIe® gen4

- CPU
  - Ryzen™ 3000 series
  
- GPU
  - AMD Radeon™ RX 5700 XT
  - AMD Radeon™ RX 5700 XT
  - AMD Radeon™ Instinct MI60
  - AMD Radeon™ Instinct MI50

# How to get best performance - OGL

- Using persistent buffer storage as source/destination

```
glBufferStorage(UNPACK_BUFFER, size, NULL, GL_MAP_WRITE_BIT | GL_MAP_PERSISTENT_BIT);  
glMapBufferRange(UNPACK_BUFFER, 0, size, GL_MAP_WRITE_BIT | GL_MAP_PERSISTENT_BIT)
```

```
glBufferStorage(PACK_BUFFER, size, NULL, GL_MAP_READ_BIT | GL_MAP_PERSISTENT_BIT);  
glMapBufferRange(PACK_BUFFER, 0, size, GL_MAP_READ_BIT | GL_MAP_PERSISTENT_BIT)
```

- Then transfer to/from your texture using

```
glTexSubImage2D  
glReadPixels
```

- For buffer to buffer use GL\_COPY\_READ\_BUFFER/GL\_COPY\_WRITE\_BUFFER for binding and transfer with glCopyBufferSubData

# How to get best performance - OCL

- OpenCL provides a mechanism to “pre-pinned” a buffer and thus achieve the best transfer rate on the PCIe® bus
  1. `pinnedBuffer = clCreateBuffer( CL_MEM_ALLOC_HOST_PTR or CL_MEM_USE_HOST_PTR )`
  2. `deviceBuffer = clCreateBuffer()`
  3. `void *pinnedMemory = clEnqueueMapBuffer( pinnedBuffer ) //pinning cost is incurred here`
  4. `clEnqueueRead/WriteBuffer( deviceBuffer, pinnedMemory )`
  5. `clEnqueueUnmapMemObject( pinnedBuffer, pinnedMemory )`
- Typically an application will perform step 1, 2 ,3 and 5 once. While the mapped pinned buffer can be uploaded several times from the CPU and thus different data can be uploaded while repeating step 4

# How to get best performance - Vulkan

- Vulkan enforces the use of a staging buffer. Use the following memory properties when calling `vkAllocateMemory` for your staging buffer.
- CPU-to-GPU - Upload  
VK\_MEMORY\_PROPERTY\_HOST\_VISIBLE\_BIT |  
VK\_MEMORY\_PROPERTY\_HOST\_COHERENT\_BIT
- GPU-to-CPU - Download  
VK\_MEMORY\_PROPERTY\_HOST\_VISIBLE\_BIT |  
VK\_MEMORY\_PROPERTY\_HOST\_COHERENT\_BIT |  
VK\_MEMORY\_PROPERTY\_HOST\_CACHED\_BIT
- Then start your transfer using `vkCmdCopyBuffer`

# Performance results

- System spec
  - Ryzen 5 3600
  - 16GB
  - RX 5700
  - Driver Adrenalin 19.7.2

	1KB	4KB	8KB	16KB	256KB	1MB	4MB	16MB
Read	0.7 GB/s	1.7 GB/s	2.9 GB/s	5.5 GB/s	21 GB/s	27 GB/s	28 GB/s	28.3 GB/s
Write	0.7 GB/s	1.8 GB/s	3 GB/s	3.3 GB/s	20 GB/s	26 GB/s	28 GB/s	28.3 GB/s

\*Based on AMD internal testing (19/07/2019) using non-blocking mechanism. Results may vary

# ISV partnership – BlackMagic Design

- BlackMagic Design Resolve was already optimized for PCIe® transfer using OpenCL™
- We get the benefit from PCIe® gen4 for free without modification of the software
- While working on 8K frame we need to do a lot of heavy transfers
- A raw 8K frame at 32bits per channel ~ 500MB
  - @30FPS, we need a stable 15GBS/s
  - @60FPS, we need a stable 30GB/s
- For more info see the BlackMagic pod in our booth



# PCIe® gen 4 scenario

- Video at very high quality and resolution. 8k is already there, 16k is coming in a few years
- Oil and Gas terrain visualization
- Screen captures at high resolution
- Reduce latency for mGPU VR.
- name your use case for data transfer 😊

# DISCLAIMER AND ATTRIBUTIONS

## DISCLAIMER

The information contained herein is for informational purposes only, and is subject to change without notice. While every precaution has been taken in the preparation of this document, it may contain technical inaccuracies, omissions and typographical errors, and AMD is under no obligation to update or otherwise correct this information. Advanced Micro Devices, Inc. makes no representations or warranties with respect to the accuracy or completeness of the contents of this document, and assumes no liability of any kind, including the implied warranties of noninfringement, merchantability or fitness for particular purposes, with respect to the operation or use of AMD hardware, software or other products described herein. No license, including implied or arising by estoppel, to any intellectual property rights is granted by this document. Terms and limitations applicable to the purchase or use of AMD's products are as set forth in a signed agreement between the parties or in AMD's Standard Terms and Conditions of Sale. GD-18

©2019 Advanced Micro Devices, Inc. All rights reserved. AMD, the AMD Arrow logo, [insert all other AMD trademarks used in the material here per AMD's Checklist for Trademark Attribution] and combinations thereof are trademarks of Advanced Micro Devices, Inc. Other product names used in this publication are for identification purposes only and may be trademarks of their respective companies.